

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method Method for reconstructing a radiographic image of a large sized object by bits, the bits being an object crossed by a diverging radiation produced by a source, the radiation undergoing an attenuation, the radiation occupying successive positions having overlapping portions and the attenuation being measured by a mono-dimensional or two-dimensional network of detectors; on which the radiation projects, each measurement giving a projection vignette, the source as well as the network of detectors being displaced along the object at each measurement so that projection vignettes overlap and giving vignettes of the image respectively associated with the positions of the radiation and also comprising overlapping portions, the method comprising a combination of the overlapping vignettes for reconstructing the image, as well as the following steps :
 - [-] discretising the object into voxels defining reconstruction heights;
 - [-] associating the voxels with at least one detector respective of the network on which the radiation projects after having crossed the said volume;
 - [-] allocating an attenuation value to each voxel according to the values measured by the said associated detector; and
 - [-] and-combining the attenuation values of the voxels at the different reconstruction heights to obtain a two dimensional image.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of Method for reconstructing a radiographic image according to claim 1, wherein characterised in that the attenuation value attributed to each volume is equal to the sum of the values measured by the said associated detector, divided by the number of vignettes that contribute to giving the said associated detector, and the attenuation values of the voxels are combined by a digital combination on the groups of voxels superimposed at the different reconstruction heights.
3. (Currently Amended) The method of Method for reconstructing a radiographic image according to claim 1, wherein characterised in that the attenuation value attributed to each voxel is obtained by iterative projection of attenuation values measured by the detectors, provisional values being allocated to the voxels and corrected after having been projected on the detectors, in calculating the differences between the sums of provisional values on the projection lines and the values measured by the detectors on the said projection lines, and by projecting the differences on the said projection lines to correct the provisional values.
4. (Currently Amended) The method of Method for reconstructing a radiographic image according to claim 2, wherein characterised in that the attenuation values of the volumes are digitally combined on the groups of volumes superimposed at the different reconstruction heights.
5. (Currently Amended) The method of Method for reconstructing a radiographic image according to claim 1, wherein characterised in that it the method is applied to osteodensitometry.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of Method for reconstructing a radiographic image according to claim 3, wherein characterised in that the attenuation values of the volumes are digitally combined on the groups of volumes superimposed at the different reconstruction heights.